# Problem of the Fortnight 7 

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A fast mouse runs along the $x$-axis in the positive direction with speed $m$. A fat cat is sitting at the point $(0, C)$. When the mouse is at the origin the cat sees him and decides to chase. The cat runs with speed $c$, which is slower than the mouse. What path should the cat take so that he comes as close as possible to the mouse?

Solution. Consider a circle and a point. The shortest path from the point to the circle is the line going through that point and the center of the circle.

Now given that, consider a circle of radius $c t$, centered at $(0, C)$ : that is the possible positions of the cat at time $t$. Then at time $t$, the closest possible distance between the two is given as:

$$
f(t)=\sqrt{c^{2}+(m t)^{2}}-c t
$$

Now we need to find $t$ so that the distance is minimized - then basic trigonometry would give us the direction towards which the cat should run. Now setting and solving $f^{\prime}(t)=0$, we would get

$$
t=\frac{C c}{m\left(m^{2}-c^{2}\right)}
$$

(it is obvious that $f^{\prime \prime}(t)<0$, so this is a minimum). Then the angle the cat should have ran towards, from the $y$-axis to the directional vector, is

$$
\arctan \left(\frac{m t}{C}\right)=\arctan \left(\frac{c}{m^{2}-c^{2}}\right)
$$

